



SEA for Minerals: Impacts and opportunities

Please Note

- **This presentation provides a list of the potential impacts of minerals development on the SA/SEA topics**
- **It is important to note that the list should not be read as definitive but simply provides an idea of some potential impacts**

Impacts – Air Quality

- **Dust and emissions**
- **Mitigation**
 - Dust suppression techniques often use water which will generate run-off containing a high degree of suspended particulates
 - Impacts on water resources

Topic - Biodiversity

- **Habitat Damage, Loss and Fragmentation**
- **Noise – might affect wildlife**
 - e.g. sensitive or rare species, designated areas
- **Dust – might affect ecology**
 - Physical effects & chemical effects
- **Water Environment**
 - Suspended solids can damage fisheries and wildlife habitats
 - Contaminated run-off could affect flora and fauna in nearby water courses
- **Consider geodiversity**
- **Restoration**
 - An enormous opportunity to enhance, restore and create new habitats
 - Adopt a landscape approach

Topic - Climatic factors

- **Transport and Site Operations**
 - CO₂ emissions
 - Encourage transport by rail and water
 - Reduce distance between source and end use
- **(Methane from landfill)**

Topic – Cultural Heritage

- **Vibration**
 - Damage to listed buildings, scheduled monuments etc.
- **Excavation**
 - Damage or loss to existing or unknown archaeological sites
 - Subsidence or ground settlement of monuments and historic buildings
 - Long-term setting and character of an historic monument might be affected by disruption of rights of way, access and heavy traffic
- **Dust**
 - Could have negative impacts especially if the dust is chemically active
- **Water**
 - Dewatering and the disruption of drainage regimes may affect the preservation of waterlogged archaeological sites
- **Potential for the preservation and investigation of unknown sites**

Topic - Landscape

- **Loss of Tranquillity**
- **Light pollution**
- **Excavation**
 - Changes in physical landscape e.g. removal of trees and top soil
 - Changes inconsistent with landscape character
 - Visual impacts on the local population
- **Waste dumps**
 - Visual impacts when dumped off-site or piled-up above the skyline, especially when not landscaped or vegetated
- **Restoration**
 - Positive impacts on landscape character and visual impacts if surrounding landscape is taken into account
- **Mitigation measures can cause issues**
 - E.g. sound barriers

Topic – Material Assets

- **Impacts on infrastructure**
 - Road network
- **Land take from the construction of the quarry**
- **Increased amount of traffic on roads leading to increased congestion**
- **Agricultural land (grades 1, 2 and 3a)**
- **Waste**
 - Generation
 - Recycling

Topic – Population & Human Health

- **Noise**
 - Can cause increased levels of stress and sleep disturbance
 - Sensitive receptors include schools, hospitals, residential areas
 - Noise from after-use
- **Light**
 - Can cause increased light pollution
- **Dust**
 - Nuisance – dust on windows and cars outside houses
 - Sensitive receptors include hospitals and clinics, retirement homes, hi-tech industries, painting and furnishing, food processing

Topic – Population & Human Health

- **Vibration**
 - In the ground nearby houses
 - Main reasons for complaint: fear of damage and nuisance
- **Transport**
 - Increased congestion, visual intrusion, air pollution, dust and noise
 - Increased road accidents levels
 - Potential community severance (i.e. difficulty for a community to cross roads with heavy traffic)
- **Restoration**
 - Provision of green space and/or recreational facilities – health benefits
 - Improved wellbeing
- **(Adverse effects of landfill)**

Topic - Soil

- **Loss of agricultural land and change in soil nature**
- **Damage to soils through compaction, poor storage.**
- **SNIFFER (2004) *Planning for Soil: Advice on how the planning system can help protect and enhance soils.***
- **Defra (2004) *The First Soil Action plan for England 2004-2006***

Topic - Water

- **Groundwater**
 - Change in water table due to abstraction
 - Effects on Source Protection Zones
- **Surface Water**
 - Suspended solids
 - Contaminated outflows and run-off
 - Water abstraction affecting river flow
 - Water supply and quality issues
 - Nitrate vulnerable zones
 - Flood alleviation role of river valley sites

Restoration and After Use

- **Need to consider the effects of after use**
 - E.g. effects on communities of a popular recreational facility
- **Identify sites based on potential after-use?**
 - Opportunities mapping
- **Considered design and continuing management are important for successful restoration**

Minerals specific advice note?

- **Feedback welcome**
- **Sources of evidence**
- **A MIRO initiative?**